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LOOKING FOR MEN OUT OF WORK.

Two Strangers Offer Tempting Salaries to the
Unemployed, for a Consideration.

An advertisement in one of the papers yesterday morning, appeared attractive to young men out of employment, in calling for any one who had \$10 cash to offer as security "to run on trains" to sell books, suits, and hats. All applicants were asked to call at 218 East Market Street. Promptly at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a young man from the country, who was in the city looking for a job, knocked on the door at the number given. Some one opened the door for him and ushered him into a little 10x12 room, where two well-dressed men sat at a small table. They asked him if he wanted a job to which he gave an affirmative answer. They told him they had plenty of places to fill, and would put him to work Monday evening if he would leave \$10 with them, and bring to them \$15 more before going to work. The young man had only \$10, but as he wanted a position and was offered a good salary he concluded to leave his money and make an effort to raise the other \$15 by morning. Having closed the bargain he went out among his friends to solicit a loan. The first friend he met suggested that he had probably been swindled, and proposed to report the matter to the police. Captain Campbell was called upon, and at once gave as his opinion that the two men were working a confidence game. Special Officer Sorters was sent around to the place in citizen's clothes. He was a little more inquisitive than the young man from the country, and asked the two men for whom they were securing young men. They replied that they were working for the American News Company, and could use any number of young men on good salaries. Sorters promised to go out and get his \$10 and then return, and the men suggested that he should send in any of his friends who might be wanting situations. The officer then went to the local managers of the American News Company, and ascertained that no one was authorized to obtain young men for them. Officer Sorters went back and placed the two men under arrest on the charge of practicing a confidence game. In the meantime several young men had gathered in the little room, and were about closing a bargain, and handing over their money with a promise to bring around \$15 more this morning. The men gave their names as W. M. Allen and George M. Wilson. The former claimed to be from St. Louis, and the other from Kansas City. Captain Campbell believed they were both professional confidence men. The landlord of the house in which they were operating says they rented the room Saturday night for yesterday only, and paid fifty cents for it.

Fell from a Wagon.
Mrs. Hazler, living east of Woodruff Place, met with severe injuries yesterday by falling from a wagon on North Delaware street, near the City Building. She was sitting in a chair in the rear end of the wagon and was thrown out backward by the horses jumping suddenly. She was removed to her home in an ambulance.

LESSONS FROM THE PULPIT

The Preachers Find Elections and Politics Fruitful Topics of Discourse.

Political Sins a Hindrance to a Full Christian Life—Ambition an Inspiration from God—A Sermon on Saving Young Men.

There was a large congregation at the Second Presbyterian Church yesterday morning. Dr. McLeod's sermon was suggested by the recent election. His subject was "The Unjust Steward," as found in Luke xvi, 1 to 12 verses, and particularly the 10th verse: "He that is faithful in that which is least, is faithful also in much; and he that is unjust in the least, is unjust also in much." The parable of the unjust steward has given the "critics" a great deal of trouble, he said. Some say that by it the Lord gave his approval to a man who was a swindler. Instead of condemning him he holds him up as an example of wisdom one ought to follow. Our Lord's commendation is not a commendation of dishonesty, but only a commendation of worldly prudence, for He says the children of this world are, in their generation, wiser than the children of light, and He would have his disciples be as shrewd in spiritual things as the unjust steward was in worldly things. The exhortation "Make to yourselves friends of the mammon of righteousness," needs an explanation. The steward took time by the forelock and made friends for himself by his worldly wisdom; so Christians should use the earthly resources which God has placed at their disposal in such a way as to advance the cause of Christianity.

In this day, said the Doctor, too little attention is paid to the minor morals. All are willing to admit their importance, yet in practice they ignore them. Strict fidelity in small matters was to the unjust steward of little importance if he could secure his ends. He adopted a rule which is the destruction of all morality. The Bible says that in order to attain a right end one should use the right means. With many in these days the standard of morals is as low as that of the unjust steward, and their love of success is greater than their love of duty. In the world of commerce, politics and religion there is at times too little regard paid to little things, and tricks of trade are too frequent. Commercial dishonesty on a large scale has often begun in commercial dishonesty on a small scale. In the world of politics the principle adopted by the unjust steward prevails more or less widely. What politicians aim at is success, and all of them are not always careful as to the means employed and the ends attained. Little things stand in the way of success. They seem to think that bribery is only a little thing if by its use they can succeed, and that the sinfulness of a dishonesty of small consequence is only by means of it they can secure their object. By some slander is regarded as a legitimate political weapon if by its use the opposing candidate can be defeated.

The people of the United States have just passed through an exciting political campaign. The Doctor continued, during which many have devoted their time to the great canvases of the Nation. They said they were anxious to save it, and to hear them talk one would think they were all aglow with patriotic fire. It is to be hoped that they were all influenced by lofty motives, but one can question the purity of a man's motives that would try either to obtain or retain power by dishonest means. The conduct of some politicians as reported in the daily prints is a disgrace to Christian civilization. In this land there are office-seekers and office-holders that have been so long in the business that they cannot remember how to get on without digging and they are ashamed to beg, and they are willing to do anything to secure for themselves a share of the political leaves and fishes. Such rules, if generally adopted, would destroy the moral sense of the Nation. They strike at the root of all political morality. Even a nation cannot afford to overlook fidelity in its smallest duties. The rule applies to the 60,000,000 of people as to one man. The rules of Christianity should govern the life of nations, and a man should observe those rules as strictly in politics as in the family circle; yet many a man who is exemplary in all the private relations of life is in his political opinions too often ashamed of the gospel of Christ. This is by no means confined to any one of the political parties. Loyalty to Christ is the surest evidence of virtue and the surest road to national greatness. He that is unfaithful and untrue in small things will be unfaithful and untrue in greater things. The youth of the land should be taught the importance of faithfulness in small things. The same law applies to a drop of water and to the earth. There is not one law for the rich, the wise and the powerful, and another for the poor, the ignorant and the weak. The good citizen is distinguished by honesty, integrity and fidelity. Purpose to do right when strongly tempted to do wrong. Religion without virtue is a snare. Politics without virtue is a delusion. Liberty without virtue is a delusion, and intelligence without virtue is a delusion. The unjust steward began by indulging in small acts of dishonesty and so he went on to fall.

There is great danger in tampering with conscience, the Doctor further said. No drunkard ever began to drink with the idea and purpose of becoming a drunkard. It is not safe to indulge in small sins. One may say that he will lead to blows, and blows to murder, and murder to the scaffold. Some politicians, to achieve party success, are willing to do many an act which would not bear the light of day. They treat their acts simply as trifles. One need not go beyond this city to see the effect of such acts. During the past week some persons, when they caught a vole, as they would say, and were appointed to guard the ballot-box, were watched as if they were a set of thieves. This state of affairs did not come about all at once; it came about gradually, little by little. Rocks big enough to wreck the broadest ship that sails are built by little insects. So these small political forces will, if unchecked, build rocks upon which the ship of state will be dashed to pieces. Religion and Christ say that one ought to be faithful in little things, and that upon little things oftentimes hang the destinies of nations. The day is coming when the Master will make those who are faithful in little things ruler over great things, and whatever a person's station in life, if he be faithful, he shall surely be rewarded.

The Divine Presence.
At the First Presbyterian Church, yesterday morning, the pastor, Rev. Dr. Haines, preached to a large congregation, General and Mrs. Harrison being of the number. The text was from John xiv, 23: "At that day ye shall know that I am in my Father, and ye in me, and I in you." The Doctor recited the experience of Jacob in fleeing from the wrath of a brother whom he had defrauded. When far off in the wilderness he thought that he had escaped from all human observation, but he was, by means of a dream, brought to a sense of the fact that God is everywhere. That dream was a supernatural vision, and that angel-trodden stairway was an emblem of the real and close communion between earth and heaven, and that vision brought home to the soul of the wandering patriarch the great truth that God of the universe is not far from anyone. Jacob's experience, eighteen centuries before Christ, is, in substance, paralleled by many a devoted soul even in this day.

Again and again, the Doctor continued, do the Scriptures call to one's mind the nearness of Divine presence. Many facts make clear the nearness of God to earth and humanity. The first is the divine life in nature. No limits of time or space separate God from the world. Earth, religion, essentially, gave beautiful expression to the sense of God's individual presence. He did not tell men that God was away off in some vast distance, who works, if through second causes in this world. Paul told the philosophers at Athens that God was not far from men. Ench walked with God to Horeb talked with him face to face. To Job, He spoke out of the whirlwind. To the children of Israel His presence was symbolized by the pillar of cloud and fire, and in the tabernacle by the light upon the altar. Even Goethe, as far as he was from the truth, is, even Goethe, would not think of the Deity as distant from nature but as in and through it all. Wordsworth, essentially, gave beautiful expression to the sense of God's individual presence. He did not tell men that God was away off in some vast distance, and that human beings were only in second-hand relations to Him through objects in nature and forces and laws

set in operation ago, but that they had to do with one God and Father who is over all, and through all, and in all.

The disciples were sad, the Doctor continued, "because Christ had told them that He was going away from them and that they would be left alone. He said, 'I will come again.' This presence is only open to those who open their hearts to the teaching and the Spirit of God. It is through this opening that one realizes Christ's presence. It shows itself in obedience to the Divine commands."

Save the Young Men.

Yesterday morning Rev. J. A. Rondthaler, at the Tabernacle Church, preached from the text, II Samuel, xlviii, 23: "Is the young man Abimelech safe?" The story of Abimelech, the son of David, he said, is a familiar page of Old Testament history. For nearly 4,000 years it has been one of the Bible's danger signals to the world. It is throughout a tragedy drawn in strong lines. It is a story of crime written in blood. If a modern novel writer were to weave the details of this Bible story into a book, it might properly be entitled, "The Young Man Abimelech." The tragedy of Abimelech finds some of its roots in David's early manhood, but the evil results in the family life that followed were not the product of the deepest penitence and the most poetic expressions of contrition.

The story, the preacher continued, is an index to history. The young man has always been a factor of great power in the world's advance or decline. According to the present constitution of things he largely makes and unmake the happiness and peace of any nation. As Goethe says, "the destiny of any nation at any given time depends on the opinion of the young men who are under twenty-five years of age," it certainly becomes a question of the greatest moment for all true patriots and Christians to ask, "Is this young man safe?" It is a question that comes often with a tremor of anxiety to father and mother as they watch the growth and development of the boys of the family. It is a question that comes to the young man himself, and next to that which should stand the man and woman who will themselves into false security and inactive complacency with the consent that "Our child never can go wrong."

All through the generations history repeats itself with terrible warning. From households mainly pious there can come out monsters of iniquity. From homes of earnest piety there can come children of fleshly dispositions. Facts, men and women, put to flight all theories, all conclusions, all high-sounding maxims. "My child cannot go wrong," but put it this way, "My child shall not go wrong." Is the young man safe? In the light of startling facts and figures, the next morning the question that the church should ask the question.

"A few weeks ago," said the preacher, "the following count was taken in a considerable city on Saturday evening. In the city of Indianapolis, on Saturday evening, the 10th of November, 1,045 men visited seven saloons. One saloon alone had 336 visitors, of whom twelve were drunk and led five little boys by the hand. The next morning the police arrested twenty-eight churches showed 175 men. Last night a count was made in our own city of Indianapolis. Six saloons were visited by 564 men during one hour of the evening. To-day the question is made of men in our churches. I give these figures that they may be a stimulus to us."

"Several influences are at work to better this condition of things," among which is the Young Men's Christian Association. It is also a right hand power of the church. It needs every help and every incentive from the united church and home. The Y. M. C. A. is a club or an athletic society; its reading-rooms, gymnasiums and other paraphernalia are only its grappling hooks. They are doing their work and bring young men into conditions and under influences where Christ can be pressed upon them. Its first aim is to reach in the broad circle of its influence the sons and daughters of the city, and to bring them to a sense of their responsibility to the level of the church and home. What the association wants is a sense of ownership on the part of the church and home. To-day the association is doing it and it needs your guidance, help and support."

Learning from Politicians.
The Rev. G. L. McNatt's subject at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, yesterday morning, was "The Church Learning from the Politician." His text was "So run that ye may obtain." The church should learn from the politician, he said, and not be ashamed to believe something. What would the people think of a political party who went into a campaign acknowledging that the issues before them were important, but saying "We have not quite made up our minds which side of these questions we are going to take yet, but we claim your support on the ground that we have long been an honored institution as a party in this country, and we are going to run on the issue that men's minds were anxious about would inevitably be beaten. Men demand that they side with something, and that positively. Apart from this, the party that is struggling for the great idea, boldly declared, would meet political defeat. The great cause of the weakness of the modern church is that she is afraid to say to all people, 'We are for this, and we are against that.' There is no absolute necessity, the preacher continued, of co-operation. On the Saturday preceding General Harrison's nomination at the Indianapolis Convention, the Y. M. C. A. party, and counsels were widely divided as to the relative strength of the several eminent names mentioned for the honor. New York, in particular, was divided. One set of counsels would probably be decisive. Her delegates were divided. Many of them had been fighting each other bitterly in the political arena for years and had never been able to reach a decision. One day Dewey gave a grand supper at the Palmer House that night to which they were all invited. Dewey was at his best. What he said we can never forget as the Y. M. C. A. party, and when they arose to leave they all shook hands and were to a man agreed upon their candidate, Harrison, and this co-operation decided all at once. It came about gradually, little by little. Rocks big enough to wreck the broadest ship that sails are built by little insects. So these small political forces will, if unchecked, build rocks upon which the ship of state will be dashed to pieces. Religion and Christ say that one ought to be faithful in little things, and that upon little things oftentimes hang the destinies of nations. The day is coming when the Master will make those who are faithful in little things ruler over great things, and whatever a person's station in life, if he be faithful, he shall surely be rewarded."

Meridian-Street M. E. Church.

A large congregation was present at Meridian street M. E. Church last night to listen to the sermon of the pastor, Rev. Dr. Cleveland, on "A Christian Lesson After the Election." The Doctor took for his text the 20th to the 23d verses of the twentieth chapter of St. Matthew: "Then came to him the mother of Zebedee's children, with her sons, worshipping and desiring a certain thing of him, and he said unto her, what wilt thou? She saith unto him, Grant that these, my two sons, may sit, the one on thy right hand and the other on thy left in thy kingdom." This woman, the Doctor said, supposed that the kingdom was to be set up on earth, and that the positions might be had for the asking. Men cling to old theories and prejudices, and their long line of ancestors had lived narrow lives and could not understand great things. Men of this day must not judge men of that older time by comparison with what they know. They must have had some regard for equal rights in their own day. It might have been the love for her sons and the desire to see them honored, or it might be that their father felt some of the disgust expressed by Nathaniel Hawthorne, in the preface to one of his books, for the positions held more by political power than by real merit, or that the father may have been a disappointed politician.

Christ, the Doctor continued, would have men ambitious for high places, and ambition was only a selfish desire. Doing the work that God sets for us to do, whether it be work in the street, cobbling a shoe, or any mental task, would constitute the aristocracy of heaven. It is not a matter of position, but of God, and ambition is due to his inspiration. When a man is content to remain as he is, and has no further desire, he is in the way. Men are ambitious to get on, to become successful in this new country that it is a land for the gathering of all nations. The sermon was especially addressed to young men, and was full of practical advice. At the close of the service the people to attend the daily prayer-meeting which would be held at the Y. M. C. A., as this was the national week of prayer.

Has Changed His Church Relations.

The ordination of the Rev. Dr. Olney Colvin took place in Grace Episcopal Church yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock. The sermon was delivered by the Rev. S. G. Hunter, of Holy Innocent's Church, who also presented the candi-

diate to the bishop. A large congregation was present, and music was rendered by the vestry choir of the church. After the ordination the bishop celebrated the holy communion. Mr. Colvin was formerly a Baptist minister. He became a candidate for the ministry in the Episcopal Church, he has had charge of Trinity Church, Peru, Ind., where he served very acceptably. During his term the rectory has been rebuilt and the church building greatly improved. He will continue in charge of that congregation for the next six months, when he expects to be ordained to the priesthood.

Religious Notes.

Bishop Knickerbocker expects to leave this morning for New York, to attend a meeting of the Board of Missions and a special session of the House of Bishops. He will be absent about ten days.

The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Association of the Y. M. C. A. will be held this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. building. All the members are requested to be present.

The Presbyterian Ministers' Association will meet this evening, at 10:30 o'clock, in the parlors of the Second Presbyterian Church. The paper will be read by Rev. Dr. Rondthaler. Subject, "Presbyterian Union Effort."

Rev. Dr. Travis left this morning for the city of New York, where the general missionary committee of the M. E. Church will be in session this week. He is a member of the board, and will be absent for two weeks. He is also a member of the church extension committee, which will meet in Philadelphia before his return.

Rev. G. G. Mitchell, pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church, preached a sermon to the young people of his church last evening. His subject was "What Our Father" taking Luke xiv, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

MINOR CITY MATTERS.

To-day's Doings.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Regular meeting, evening. MUNKACZY'S PAINTING, CHRIST ON CALVARY—Fourth Church, day and evening. GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Mrs. Langtry, evening. ENGLISH'S OPERA-HOUSE—George H. Adams, pantomime, evening.

PARK THEATRE—"A Living Lie," afternoon and evening. BATTLE OF ATLANTA CYCLOGRAM—Market street, between Illinois and Tennessee streets, day and evening.

Local News Notes.

The physicians of the city are invited to go to the Occidental Hotel at 12 o'clock to-day to see the National Book of 200 Pages.

First Voters will attend a justification meeting at 12 o'clock to-morrow evening. All members are requested to attend in full uniform. Train will leave at 6:25 P. M.

Edward Clark, Frank O'Brien and Albert Shaler, soloists, appeared yesterday evening at the National Book of 200 Pages, charged with selling liquor on Sunday. They gave bond for their appearance in court.

Personal and Society.

Walter Rosenthal is at the Bates. Those who are to take part in the Dora pictures for the Flower Mission Fair are asked to meet to-morrow at the Girls' Classical School for rehearsal at 7:30 o'clock.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, of Meridian street, M. E. Church, will give their monthly tea meeting at Wm. Burford's, No. 700 North Meridian street, next Friday evening.

ANDERSON.

Samuel Anderson and wife, of Chicago, visited friends here last week. Miss Peach Pierce has gone to New York to spend the winter with her sister. Mrs. H. C. Ryan spent a few days at the city last week. Miss Maud Kilgore, who is attending school at Indianapolis, spent last Sunday with her mother, Mrs. M. J. Kilgore, who is visiting Mrs. W. T. Durbin for several weeks. Mrs. J. W. T. Durbin has returned from a visit to her home at Chicago. Mrs. J. H. Miller, of Chicago, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. C. Ryan, at her home at Indianapolis. Mrs. W. L. Little has returned from a short visit at Indianapolis.

Industrial and Trade Notes.

Dean Brothers are building two large pumps to be used in sugar-works at Marshalltown, Ia. The Indianapolis Car Company is increasing its force, and expects to work seven hundred men for the next year.

The Moore Desk Company reports its business as being up to the usual standard. Its goods find a market largely in New York and the New England States.

The Indianapolis terra cotta-works are turning out some fine work for a church at Marquette, Mich., and for the Terre Haute Union, which is being remodeled.

The Hadley Shoe Company has just put in considerable new machinery, among other things a button-hole machine, which will make 6,000 button holes in ten hours.

King and Co. this week commenced killing 3,000 hogs a day. Coffin, Greenstreet & Fletcher commenced operations on Wednesday and will kill about one thousand hogs a day.

The United States steel-wire nail-works are turning out 200,000 coils of nails a day, and are pushed with orders. Last month nails from these works were shipped to 132 points.

Indianapolis elevators on Saturday last contained 512,558 bushels of grain against 513,859 bushels, Saturday, Nov. 3, and against 528,150 bushels for the corresponding date in 1887.

The American Paper Pulley Company reports its business as being excellent. Last week it made large shipments of pulleys to Pittsburgh and York, Pa.; Cambridge, Mass., and Englewood, N. Y.

One of the officials of the Atlas engine-works says that they will this year turn out fifty-five hundred engines. Last week seven carloads of engines and machinery were shipped to the Pacific coast.

The Pneumatic Machine Company reports its business as good. It has recently received several orders for machines. These machines are within the last eighteen months to the Pullman Company do the work of over one hundred men.

Armstrong & Co. are pushing work on their new building and hereafter will do all the boiler work for the Pullman Company. The latter's shops being fully occupied in furnishing material and supplies and manufacturing engines and saw-mills.

DeTemple & Cryan, manufacturers of cracker machinery, are now building a machine for a bakery in Omaha, which will cost \$8,000 when completed. It is one of the largest and most perfect machines the establishment has ever turned out.

The men state that the season closes with not more than 25 per cent. as much ice in store as one year ago, and should the winter, as predicted, be mild, they say Indianapolis people may expect to pay double the present price next year for ice.

Osgood & Thompson have their works in good shape, and are cutting large quantities of walnut and cherry lumber into dimension stock. Several large and fine furniture manufacturers in this country draw their supplies from this establishment.

The Indianapolis Cabinet Company has, within the last year, furnished 2,200 desks to the United States government. For the different departments, and over 1,100 desks to foreign governments. The export business has been doubled during the last year.

Inquiry among the furniture manufacturers shows that they now have many orders, and indications are that they will have plenty of work through the winter months. Railroad rates are being adjusted in such a manner that Indianapolis is again a desirable point to ship from.

Louise manufacturers speak of their business as again being good. For several months it has been rather quiet. Indianapolis is the largest lounge manufacturing point in the United States. There are several manufacturers, and some of them employ one hundred or more men.

The electric highlight which the Indianapolis, Decatur & Springfield Railroad Company has been testing for several weeks on one of the locomotives is proving a great success, and it is highly probable a manufacturer will be established here to manufacture the headlights, dynamo, and engines on an extensive scale.

Woodworkers are feeling much better over the outlook. The stock held here has been considerably reduced during the last thirty days, but on what is left a cent per pound better prices are being realized than thirty days ago. An American buyer has been going over this State the last few days, gathering in all the large lots of wool he could.

The Indianapolis Veneering Company has its large and convenient buildings completed, and the new machinery in position. The Eastern gentleman, who was here last week, says that it

is now the largest and most complete veneering manufacturing establishment in this country. These works, beside furnishing piano, sewing machine and other manufacturers in this country, are large exporters of veneering. Brick-makers, planing-mill men and boss carpenters are all surprised at the business they are doing so late in the season. They are now delivering nearly as many bricks as at any time in the past three months. The planing-mills are running steadily, which is an unusual thing in November, and there are no idle carpenters. Most of the work they now have, however, is in building cottages and dwellings costing from \$1,000 to \$2,500.

This Week's Amusements.

Mrs. Langtry and her company will arrive in the city this morning in her special car, preparatory to her engagement which begins at the Grand to-night, when "As in a Looking-glass" will be presented. Lena Despard, the heroine of the story, is credited with being Mrs. Langtry's best part, and she has been highly praised in it. To-morrow night "Lady of Lyons" will be given. The ladies will be particularly interested in knowing that Mrs. Langtry wears some gorgeous Parisian costumes in both plays. There is already a large advance sale. Nat Goodwin will be seen the latter part of the week in two double bills.

A particularly amusing conglomeration of fun and specialties is to be seen at the English to-night and until Thursday in "He, She, Him and Her," which has made a hit elsewhere. Mr. George H. Adams, a very clever comedian, and Miss Tom Hamilton, an accomplished comedienne, are in the cast.

Harry Wheeler, a character comedian, will be at the Park this afternoon, to-night and until Friday in the sensational play, "A Living Lie," to be followed, Friday and Saturday, by "Counterfeit."

The greatest curiosity before the public, Barney Belding, the man with a broken neck, alive and cheerful, will be on exhibition at the Eden Museum all this week.

The Pursey Brothers, Tennessee warblers, will entertain men day hours every evening at the Central-avenue M. E. Church. It will consist of vocal music. This company has been highly spoken of by the pupils and press wherever it has given a concert. After the concert refreshments will be served.

General Harrison's Sunday.

General Harrison and family spent the Sunday in their usual quiet manner. The General and Mrs. Harrison attended church in the morning, and in the afternoon a few neighbors and friends called, as has always been customary, at the Harrison house. The General took his usual morning walk, the day being very pleasant. There were a great many promenaders on Delaware street during the afternoon, the residence of the General being, of course, the center of interest.

A Book of 200 Pages.
The National Serial of Statistics of this city is well named. It has a national reputation, and at present times is one of the States and Territories that have not one or more representatives among the patients. It has never at any time in its history had a greater number of patients than at present. It is a book of 200 pages, giving the history, objects and work of the institute, furnished to all applicants who will send 6 cents to pay postage.

Seal Scaques Opening.

AT
BATES HOUSE PARLORS.

There will be on exhibition and for sale, at the Bates House, Room 76, an elegant line of seal skin garments, sables, jackets, newmarkets and mantles, from the establishment of Walter Hahl & Co., of Detroit, Mich. Measures taken and garments made to order. Fit and quality guaranteed.

P. S.—I will sell my entire line of samples if you can get one to fit. This will be an elegant opportunity to buy a garment, ready-made, very cheap.

W. E. ROSENTHAL, Agt.

Election Hats.

AT
"Sutton's Hats Store," No. 25 North Pennsylvania street.

Worth the Trouble.
To drop in and look at our new and elegant assortment of brass goods. Just received some new pairs of umbrellas, stands that are very handsome as well as cheap, air moisteners for natural-gas fires, gypsy kettles with crane, copper and nickel range kettles, etc.

HILDEBRAND & FUDART,
32 S. Meridian st.

Wrought Steel Ranges.
The "M. & D." wrought steel ranges; all kinds of fuel, including natural gas. Send for list of references. Heating stoves for natural gas. "Howe" ventilating base-burner. Do not buy till you see it. "Happy Thought" cast ranges. "Success" natural-gas cooking stoves.

Wm. H. BAXTER & SON, 39 S. Meridian st.

MISPLACED JEWELS

"Darling," he said, "Your eyes are as bright as diamonds, your teeth as white as pearls, your lips as red as rubies, and—"

"Yes, George," she replied sweetly, "and you are green as an emerald." Then George, feeling very blue, went out into the jet black night.

He should have come to us and got some jewels in the concrete. They would have modified his beloved best girl.

The Indianapolis Natural-Gas Company expects to UNDERSELL ALL COMPETITORS in the gas business. We make all contracts for domestic, store or office use at 30 per cent. off. We will add to these contracts a clause AGREEING AT THEIR TERMINATION TO CONTINUE TO SUPPLY GAS AS LOW OR LOWER THAN ANY COMPETITOR WILL THEN SUPPLY YOU! Alas, when the time comes it surely will, when it will be hard work to get gas supply from any company, we shall give preference to our early patrons.

The inducement that is being held out by others that they will next year or some other time supply you at half price is MISLEADING and a SUBTLETRICK.

Buy only of the company that SELLS CHEAP NOW, and agrees in the contract to continue so to do. This gives you a certain advantage.

INDIANAPOLIS NATURAL-GAS COMPANY
68 East Market Street.

TO THE PUBLIC

Those about to build will find it an object to call upon EDWARD SCHURMANN, No. 2 Odd-fellow's Hall, Indianapolis, Ind., State Agent for the Chicago Art Glass Company, as we are prepared to UNDERSELL all competitors in Stained, Ornamental or Beveled Glass for Housework. Memorial and Church Windows a specialty.

THANKSGIVING CARVERS